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From the Imperial Camp at Carpi, July 11. *N. S.*

THE Imperial Artillery and the laſt Regiments of Horſe that were expected feom *Germany* being arrived, the 8th Inſtant Prince *Eugene*, inſtead of marching to the *Po* where he had cauſed a Bridge to be made, ordered his Forces, which were ſeparated in ſeveral Bodies, to draw together, which being done with all poſſible Diligence and Secrecy, they began their march in the evening in two Columns; the left Column, commanded by Prince *Commerci*, filed off towards *Tricento*, on the River *Tartaro*, and Prince *Eugene* with the right Columa marched about a *German* Mile lower towards *Caſtel-Gulielmo*. The two Columns arrived on the Banks of the *Tartaro* about 11 at night, and found there Boats and other things neceſſary for making each a Bridge, which were finiſhed in a very ſhort time. Several Battalions, commanded by the Count *de Thaun*, were poſted on the Canal *Bianco*, and were to have paſſed it on Boats made of Canvas, of a new Invention, and part of our Artillery were placed on the Banks of the ſaid Canal to ſupport them, but theſe Boats proved unſerviceable. General *Betner* was poſted with the reſt of the Artillery on the other ſide the *Adige*, to fire upon the Troops which the Enemy might ſend along the Banks on this ſide the River, (where there is a great Road) to Succour their Forces at *Carpi*, and the ſeveral Detachments they had poſted on the Canal *Bianco*. The 9th, at one in the morning, our two Bridges were finiſhed, and the two Columns paſſed over the *Tartaro*, and marched by three ſeveral ways. The right Column took the ſhorteſt way on the Banks of the Canal *Bianco*, and the left advanced by two other ways much longer, and more difficult; This was the reaſon that Prince *Eugene* with the right Column arrived before the left at *Caſtagnaro*, where he ordered the Regiment of Foot of *Old Staremberg*, ſupported by the Regiment of Foot of *Bagni*, and his own Regiment of Dragoons, to attack 300 *French* who were intrenched in the Church-yard, and ſeveral other Detachments of the Enemy who were poſted in the Intrenchments they had made, and they were all beaten from their Poſts after defending them for ſome time. Prince *Eugene* did very much expoſe himſelf in this occaſion, and was ſlightly hurt in the Knee, and had his Horſe ſhot under him; This did not hinder him from mounting again on Horſeback, to give Directions for attacking 200 Dragoons who were poſted at the Place where the *Adige* flows into the Canal *Bianco*; The Enemy made one Diſcharge, and then retired before our Men came up. Soon after Prince *Eugene* had Intelligence, that the Enemy were ſtill poſted at the Head of their Camp at *Carpi* with 3 Regiments of Dragoons, and 2 of Horſe; upon which he made the neceſſary Diſpoſitions for attacking them, and cauſed the Regiment of *Newbourg* to advance towards them by the great Road, where they were attacked by the Dragoons of *Albert*; The *Germans* received the ſaid Dragoons, and charged them ſo bravely, that the Chevalier *d'Albret* their Colonel was killed, and almoſt all their Officers were killed, wounded, or taken Priſoners, and the Regiment entirely routed. The other 4 *French* Regiments ſuffered alſo very much, and the Sieur *Gombout*, Brigadier-General of the *French* Horſe, received ſeveral Wounds, of which he died ſoon after; The Regiment of *Newbourg*, with a Detachment of 60 Men of the Regiment of *Vaudemont*, and two other Detachments of the Regiment of *Old Staremberg*, were the only Troops that fought and defeated theſe 5 *French* Regiments. Count *Thirheim*, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Regiment of *Newbourg*, was wounded in ſeveral places, and died on the Spot. If the Country had not been ſo cloſe, and ſo full of Ditches and Moraſſes, few of the *French* had eſcaped. Prince *Eugene* cauſed them to be purſued a good way beyond *Carpi*, where our foremoſt Troops poſted themſelves, to ſtay for the coming up of the reſt. The left Column had not the leaſt part in any of theſe Actions. Count *Guido* of *Staremberg* was always at the Head of the Foot of the right Column, and Prince *Charles* of *Vaudemont* at the Head of the Horſe. All this was ordered by Prince *Eugene* with great Secrecy, and executed with great Vigour, Conduct, and Diligence. This Action ſo alarmed the *French*, that they retired the ſame night from their Camp at *San Pietro di Legnano* in great diſorder and confuſion, breaking down the Bridges behind them. Marſhal *de Catinat* was gone the 8th to *Oſtiglia*, not doubting but we would have paſſed the *Po*. The Sieur *Friberg*, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Regiment of *Taff*, being ſent out with 200 Horſe after the Enemy, charged the laſt Troop of their Rear and killed ſeveral of their Men, and brought away ſome Priſoners, and this in ſight of their Infantry, without the loſs of one Man on our ſide. We hear the Enemy are drawing all their Forces together, and intend to poſt themſelves on the River *Mincio*; They have abandoned all the Poſts they had on the *Adige* from *Legnano* to *Verona*, and we ſhall ſoon have a free Communication with the Country of *Tirol*, which will be a very great advantage to us. Juſt now we receive Advice, that the Enemy have abandoned their Camp at *Rivole*; Count *Guttenſtein*, who was poſted with a Detachment of the Imperial Forces at *Hala*, is marching to join the Imperial Army; and Monſieur *de Vaubonne*, who is poſted with another body of the Imperialiſts on the other ſide of the *Po*, has Orders to do the like.

Venice, July 15. Prince *Eugene* having made a Feint of marching to the *Po*, and paſſing that River, and thereby drawn Marſhal *de Catinat* that way, the *Germans* made a ſudden Countermarch on the 8th Inſtant, and the day following attacked the *French* Forces at *Caſtagnaro* and *Carpi*, and made themſelves Maſters of thoſe Poſts, which has given them a great Reputation as well as Advantage; The *French* have quitted *Rivole*, and all their other Poſts on the *Adige*, ſo that the *Germans* have now a free Communication with the Country of *Tirol*, from whence they may be ſupplied with Men, Ammunition, *&c.* by the River *Adige*, which is what the *French* have hitherto endeavoured to hinder, who had poſted themſelves, ſo as that they thought they could not fail of Succeſs. The Emperor's Ambaſſador received an Expreſs from *Vienna*, upon which he had Audience this day of the Senate. Cardinal *Petrucci* is lately dead, which makes a 7th Vacancy in the College of Cardinals.

From the French *Camp at* Goito, *on the River* Mincio, *July* 19. After the Imperialiſts had made themſelves Maſters of the Poſt of *Carpi*, their whole Army advanced along the *Adige* towards *Verona*. Marſhal *de Catinat* drew his Forces together, which were diſperſed in ſeveral places, and marched to the Plains of *Verona*, where he encamped on the 14th on a large Heath, not far from a Place called *Villa Franca*. The Imperialiſts advanced the next day in ſight of our Army, and poſſeſſed themſelves of *Villa Franca*. The 15th, in the evening, the *French* Army was drawn up in order of Battel, and every body expected we ſhould have fought the next day; But the *Germans* kept within their Camp, and the 16th, about 4 in the afternoon, the *French* Army decamped and marched to the *Mincio*, and having paſſed that River, encamped near *Goito*, which is a very convenient Poſt to hinder the *Germans* from paſſing the ſame, and entring into the Country of *Breſcia*, where they would find plenty of Proviſions and Forage. The *French* have ſtill a Bridge on the *Po* at *Oſtiglia*, guarded by 7 Battalions of Foot, and 6 Squadrons of Horſe.

Vienna, July 13. The Imperial Court continues at the Palace of *Favorita*. An Expreſs was diſpatched from thence this Week to Prince *Eugne* of *Savoy*, with further Inſtructions. 'Tis ſaid, the Emperor has ſent to the Electors of *Bavaria* and *Cologne*, to know poſitively their Reſolutions in this Conjucture, that he may take his Meaſures accordingly. Several Perſons, who were apprehended in *Hungary* on Account of the late Conſpiracy, are to be brought this Week to *Newſtad*, to be Examined by the Imperial Commiſſioners appointed for that purpoſe.

Francfort, July 21. The Emperor's Forces which are to be Employed on the *Rhine*, have Orders forthwith to draw together, and Prince *Lewis* of *Baden* is daily